

**Lesson 2.6 Worksheet**

Find the zeros of each function by using the Quadratic Formula.  $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$

1)  $f(a) = 2a^2 + 2a + 10$

a = \_\_\_\_\_ b = \_\_\_\_\_ c = \_\_\_\_\_

2)  $f(b) = 7b^2 - 8b - 8$

a = \_\_\_\_\_ b = \_\_\_\_\_ c = \_\_\_\_\_

3)  $f(v) = v^2 + 3v + 3$

a = \_\_\_\_\_ b = \_\_\_\_\_ c = \_\_\_\_\_

4)  $f(x) = 9x^2 + 4x - 4$

a = \_\_\_\_\_ b = \_\_\_\_\_ c = \_\_\_\_\_

5)  $f(n) = 4n^2 - 8n + 12$

a = \_\_\_\_\_ b = \_\_\_\_\_ c = \_\_\_\_\_

6)  $f(n) = 5n^2 + 12n - 8$

a = \_\_\_\_\_ b = \_\_\_\_\_ c = \_\_\_\_\_

Find the discriminant. Identify the number of solutions.

7)  $-3v^2 - 6v = 0$

$a = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$   $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$   $c = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

8)  $-8x^2 - 8x = 2$

$a = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$   $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$   $c = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

9)  $-x^2 - 3x = -10$

$a = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$   $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$   $c = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

10)  $-2p^2 + 4p - 4 = 0$

$a = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$   $b = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$   $c = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$