

Chapter 3 Test Review**Identify the degree of each monomial.**

1) $3xy^3$

2) $-a^3b^2c^5$

3) 8

4) xyz

**Rewrite each polynomial in standard form. Then identify the leading coefficient, degree, and number of terms. Name the polynomial.**

5) $4b^4 - 3b^3 - 8b^2 + 9b^5 + 4b$

6) $-2x - 3 + 10x^3$



Standard Form:

Degree:

Leading Coefficient:

Terms:

Name:

Standard Form:

Degree:

Leading Coefficient:

Terms:

Name:

Add or subtract each polynomial and write in standard form.

7) $f(p) + g(p)$

$f(p) = 3p^2 - 5p + 7 + 8p^3$

$g(p) = 6p + 8p^2 + 7p^3 - 8$

8) $f(x) - g(x)$

$f(x) = 2 + 4x^2 + 8x - 8x^4$

$g(x) = x^4 + 6 + x^2 + 8x$

**Find each product.**

9) $3x^4(2x^2 + 6x - 3)$



10) $(4n - 1)(3n^2 - 3n - 4)$



11) $(4x - 3)^3$

12) $(x + 1)^4$

Divide using Synthetic Division.

13) $(10x^5 + 78x^4 + 63x^3 + 42x^2 - 42x + 54) \div (x + 7)$ 14) $(n^5 - 2n^4 - 8n + 25) \div (n - 2)$



Determine whether the given binomial is a factor of the polynomial P(x).

15) $(p^3 - 9p^2) \div (p - 9)$

16) $(n^5 - 10n^4 - 3n^3 + 30n^2 + 8) \div (n - 10)$



Use synthetic substitution to evaluate the polynomial for the given value.

17) $P(n) = n^3 - 4n^2 - 12$ for $n = 4$

18) $P(x) = x^6 + 9x^5 + 17x^4 - 9x^3 + 11x^2 - 3x + 14$
for $x = -4$



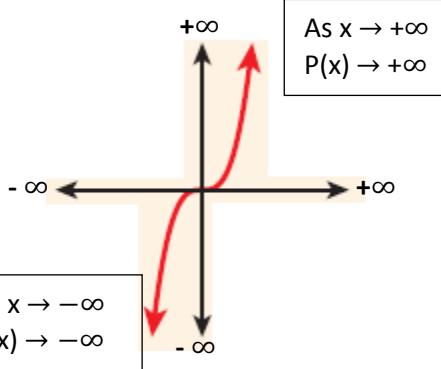
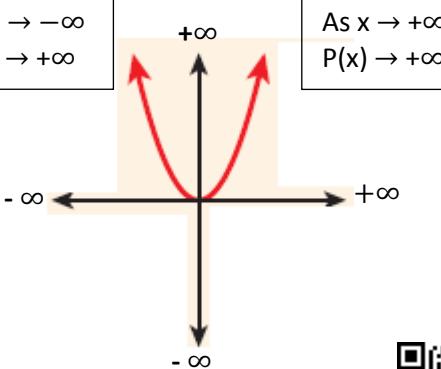
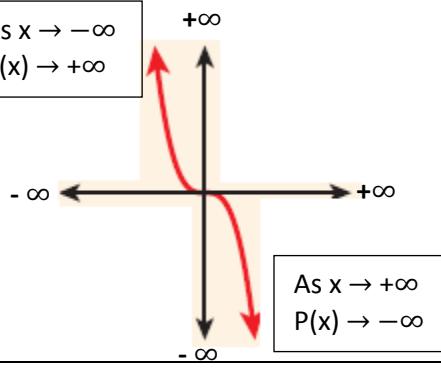
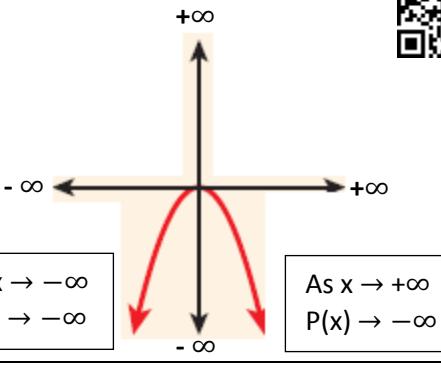
Factor each expression. Find all of the zeros and state their multiplicity.

19) $x^4 + 2x^2 - 24 = 0$

20) $4x^3 + x^2 - 16x - 4 = 0$

21) $2x^4 - 13x^3 - 24x^2 = 0$



Polynomial End Behavior			
	Odd Degree	Even Degree	
Leading Coefficient $a > 0$ (Positive)	 <p>As $x \rightarrow -\infty$ $P(x) \rightarrow -\infty$</p> <p>As $x \rightarrow +\infty$ $P(x) \rightarrow +\infty$</p>	 <p>As $x \rightarrow -\infty$ $P(x) \rightarrow +\infty$</p> <p>As $x \rightarrow +\infty$ $P(x) \rightarrow +\infty$</p>	
Leading Coefficient $a < 0$ (Negative)	 <p>As $x \rightarrow -\infty$ $P(x) \rightarrow +\infty$</p> <p>As $x \rightarrow +\infty$ $P(x) \rightarrow -\infty$</p>	 <p>As $x \rightarrow -\infty$ $P(x) \rightarrow -\infty$</p> <p>As $x \rightarrow +\infty$ $P(x) \rightarrow -\infty$</p>	

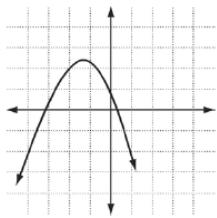


Complete the table to identify the leading coefficient, degree, and end behavior of each polynomial function.

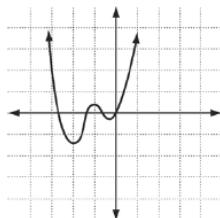
Polynomial	Leading Coefficient	Degree	End behavior
22) $P(x) = x^2 + 3x + 6$			
23) $P(x) = -3x^3 + 2x - 5$			

Identify whether the function graphed has an odd or even degree and a positive or negative leading coefficient.

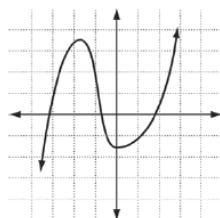
24)



25)

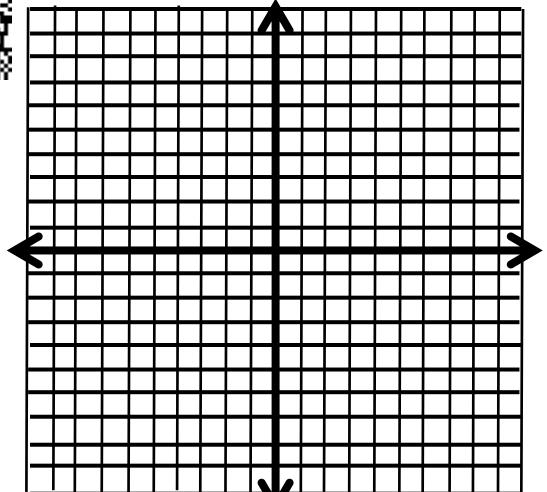


26)

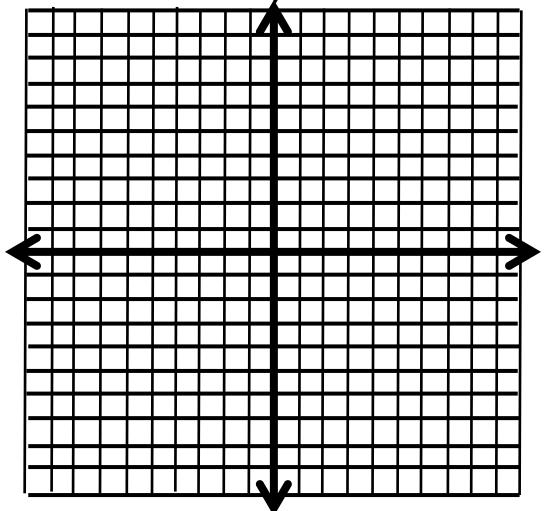


Factor and graph each function.

27) $P(x) = x^3 - 5x^2 - 4x + 20$



28) $P(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 - 10x$



Find the local maximum and minimum of each function.

29) $P(x) = -x^3 - 11x^2 - 35x - 31$

Minimum = _____

30) $P(x) = x^4 + x^3 - 4x^2 + 4$

Minimum = _____

Maximum = _____

Maximum = _____



Find the simplest polynomial function with the given roots.

31) 0, 2, -5

32) -11, 7, 4

